| EXHIBIT 1 IASB's Proposed Recognition and Measurement Simplifications for SMEs | | |
|---|--------------------------------|---|
| IASB Standard | Issue | Proposed Simplifications |
| IAS 39 | Financial instruments | Report most investments at fair value, with changes in fair value included in net income; report qualifying investments at cost or amortized cost; and use a simplified form of effectiveness testing for hedges. |
| IFRS 3 | Goodwill impairment | Test goodwill for impairment only when an indicator of impairment is present. |
| IAS 38 | Research and development costs | Expense all research and development costs as incurred. |
| IASs 28 and 31 | Associates and joint ventures | Use either the cost method or the fair-value method, with changes in fair value included in net income. |
| IAS 12 | Income taxes | Recognize deferred income taxes based on timing differences. |
| IAS 41 | Agricultural activities | May use the cost-depreciation-impairment model, where fair values of biological assets are not readily determinable. |
| IAS 19 | Defined-benefit plans | Immediately recognize actuarial gains and losses in net income. |
| IFRS 2 | Share-based payments | SMEs unable to determine the fair value of equity instruments granted may continue to apply the intrinsic-value method. |
| IAS 17 | Leases | Lessees in a capital lease should initially recognize assets and liabilities at their fair values. |
| IFRS 1 | Transition to IFRS | SMEs unable to provide restated information based on full IFRS for the comparative year may omit this information. |